

**HIGH DESERT CORRIDOR JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY**  
San Bernardino, California

Independent Auditors' Reports,  
Basic Financial Statements,  
Required Supplementary Information,  
and Other Reports

**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014**

**HIGH DESERT CORRIDOR JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014**

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors  
High Desert Corridor Joint Powers Authority  
San Bernardino, California

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the General Fund of the High Desert Corridor Joint Powers Authority (the Authority), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### *Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements*

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### *Auditors' Responsibility*

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## ***Opinions***

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the General Fund of the Authority, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## ***Emphasis of Matter***

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, the Authority adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 65 – *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, effective July 1, 2013. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

## ***Other Matters***

### ***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on pages 15 through 16 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis section that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

## ***Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 31, 2015, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

*Vavrinik, Trine, Day & Co. LLP*

Rancho Cucamonga, California  
March 31, 2015

**HIGH DESERT CORRIDOR JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY**  
**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**  
**JUNE 30, 2014**

**ASSETS**

Cash and investments	\$ 117,261
Due from other governments	175,340
Total Assets	<u>292,601</u>

**LIABILITIES**

Accounts payable	37,500
Due to other governments	33,578
Total Liabilities	<u>71,078</u>

**NET POSITION**

Unrestricted	<u>221,523</u>
Total Net Position	<u><u>\$ 221,523</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**HIGH DESERT CORRIDOR JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY**  
**STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

	Expenses	Operating Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
<b>FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS</b>			
Public Ways & Facilities:			
Professional and administrative services	\$ 140,438	\$ -	\$ (140,438)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 140,438	\$ -	(140,438)
General revenues:			
Interest and other income			1,184
Total General Revenues			1,184
Change in Net Position			(139,254)
Net Position - Beginning of Year			360,777
Net Position- End of Year			\$ 221,523

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**HIGH DESERT CORRIDOR JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY**

**BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUND  
JUNE 30, 2014**

	<u>General Fund</u>
<b>ASSETS</b>	
Cash and investments	\$ 117,261
Due from other governments	175,340
	<hr/>
Total Assets	\$ 292,601
	<hr/> <hr/>
<b>LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE</b>	
<b>Liabilities:</b>	
Accounts payable	\$ 37,500
Due to other governments	33,578
	<hr/>
Total Liabilities	71,078
	<hr/>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</b>	
Unavailable Revenue	66,385
	<hr/>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	66,385
	<hr/>
<b>Fund Balance:</b>	
Unassigned	155,138
	<hr/>
Total Fund Balance	155,138
	<hr/>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 292,601
	<hr/> <hr/>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**HIGH DESERT CORRIDOR JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY**

**RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND  
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION  
JUNE 30, 2014**

Fund balance of governmental fund	\$ 155,138
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the Statement of Net Position (page 3) are different because:	
Certain assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the fund.	66,385
Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 221,523</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.



**HIGH DESERT CORRIDOR JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY**

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE  
GOVERNMENTAL FUND  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

	<u>General Fund</u>
REVENUES	
Intergovernmental	\$ 108,955
Investment earnings	1,184
Total Revenues	<u>110,139</u>
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
Public Ways and Facilities -	
Services and supplies	60,474
Other charges	79,964
Total Expenditures	<u>140,438</u>
Change in Fund Balance	<u>(30,299)</u>
Beginning Fund Balance	<u>185,437</u>
Ending Fund Balance	<u>\$ 155,138</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**HIGH DESERT CORRIDOR JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY**  
**RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,**  
**EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF**  
**GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Fund	\$ (30,299)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Intergovernmental revenues in the fund that were recognized in the Statement of Activities in the prior period.	(108,955)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u><u>\$ (139,254)</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

# HIGH DESERT CORRIDOR JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY

#### **Authorized Legislation and Organization**

The High Desert Corridor Joint Powers Authority (the Authority) is a Joint Powers Authority (JPA) formed pursuant to the provisions of the Government Code of the State of California, and is comprised by seven local governmental entities. These entities are the County of Los Angeles, the County of San Bernardino, and the Cities of Apple Valley, Adelanto, Palmdale, Lancaster, and Victorville. The Authority was initially formed pursuant to a Joint Powers Agreement dated November 8, 2006, which was subsequently amended on March 13, 2007.

The Authority is governed by a Board of Directors made up of nine members, including one Board of Supervisor each from San Bernardino County (First District) and Los Angeles County (Fifth District). The San Bernardino County Board member can appoint three additional members from San Bernardino County, the City of Adelanto, the City of Victorville, the City of Hesperia, or the Town of Apple Valley. The Los Angeles County Board member can appoint three additional members from Los Angeles County, the City of Palmdale and the City of Lancaster. A ninth member is appointed jointly by the First District Supervisor of San Bernardino County and the Fifth District Supervisor of Los Angeles County and appointed by action of the Board.

The Authority proposes to create and establish the High Desert Corridor, a sixty-three mile stretch of freeway connecting the Los Angeles County communities of Palmdale/Lancaster with the San Bernardino County communities of Victorville, Apple Valley, and Adelanto. Members may contribute annually to provide financial support to further the purpose of the Authority. The Authority's Board has designated the County of San Bernardino with administrative oversight of the Authority.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the accounts of the High Desert Corridor JPA and are not intended to present the financial position of the individual members taken as a whole.

### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of Presentation**

##### *Government-Wide Financial Statements*

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the Authority).

The Statement of Activities presents direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Authority's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and; therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

# HIGH DESERT CORRIDOR JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (CONTINUED)

#### **Basis of Presentation, (Continued)**

##### *Fund Financial Statements*

The fund financial statements provide information about the Authority's fund, which include only *governmental funds*.

The Authority reports the following major governmental fund:

The *General Fund* accounts for the activities of the government's efforts to establish the freeway connecting the Los Angeles County communities of Palmdale/Lancaster with the San Bernardino County communities of Victorville, Apple Valley, and Adelanto.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Authority gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Interest and certain State and Federal grants are accrued when their receipt occurs within 270 days after the end of the accounting period so as to be both measurable and available. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### **Cash and Investments**

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments held in the County of San Bernardino's investment pool are available on demand and are stated at amortized cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value. The Authority had no deposit or investment policy that addressed a specific type of risk. The County of San Bernardino Treasurer's investment pool is subject to oversight by the Treasury Oversight Committee.

# HIGH DESERT CORRIDOR JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (CONTINUED)

#### **Due From Other Governments**

Due from other governments receivables are recorded at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the portion that is considered uncollectible. Receivables consist primarily of grant claims that have been filed but not received as of year-end. Management believes its receivable balance to be fully collectible and, accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded.

#### **Deferred Inflows of Resources – Unavailable Revenues**

Unavailable revenues are reported in the general fund and represent revenue received more than 270 days following year end and, therefore, unavailable to pay liabilities of the current period. Unavailable revenue received after 270 days is fully recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements (Note 4).

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Fund Balances**

Governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Authority is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance classification for government funds are made up of the following:

- *Nonspendable Fund Balance* – includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: amounts held for perpetuity and prepaid amounts.
- *Restricted Fund Balances* – includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.
- *Committed Fund Balance* – includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Authority's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the adoption of a Board Resolution.
- *Assigned Fund Balance* – comprises amounts intended to be used by the Authority for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by Authority's Board of Directors.
- *Unassigned Fund Balance* – is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned amounts are available for any purpose.

# HIGH DESERT CORRIDOR JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (CONTINUED)

#### **Fund Balances, (Continued)**

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. It is the Authority's policy to consider committed amounts as being reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

The Authority's Board establishes, modifies and/or rescinds fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution.

As of June 30, 2014, the Authority's fund balance is recorded as unassigned.

#### **New Effective Accounting Pronouncements**

GASB Statement No. 65 – In March 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. This statement has been implemented as of July 1, 2013.

GASB Statement No. 66 – In March 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 66, Technical Corrections – 2012 – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity by resolving conflicting guidance that resulted from the issuance of two pronouncements, Statements No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions and No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. This statement did not have a material effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 67 – In June 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by state and local governmental pension plans. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for pensions with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to pension plans that are not administered through trust covered by the scope of this Statement and to defined contribution plans that provide postemployment benefits other than pension. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2013. This statement did not have a material effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 70 – In April 2013, GASB issued Statement No. 70, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees. The objective of this Statement is to improve the recognition, measurement, and disclosure guidance for state and local governments that have extended or received financial guarantees that are nonexchange transactions. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2013. This statement did not have a material effect on the financial statements.

# HIGH DESERT CORRIDOR JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (CONTINUED)

#### **Future Accounting Pronouncements**

GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, *Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers*, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, *Pension Disclosure*. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The Authority has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 69, *Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations* requires disclosures to be made about government combinations and disposals of government operations to enable financial statement users to evaluate the nature and financial effects of those transactions. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2013. The Authority has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*. The objective of this statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by addressing an issue in Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, concerning transition provisions related to certain pension contributions made to defined benefit pension plans prior to implementation of that Statement by employers and nonemployer contributing entities. The Authority has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

# **HIGH DESERT CORRIDOR JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY**

## **NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

### **NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Cash and cash equivalents includes the cash balance of monies deposited with the San Bernardino County Treasurer which are pooled and invested for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Interest earned on pooled investments is deposited to the Authority's account based upon the Authority's average daily deposit balance during the allocation period. Cash and cash equivalents are shown at the fair value as of June 30, 2014.

See the County of San Bernardino's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for details of their investment policy and disclosures related to investment credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and custodial credit risk, as required by GASB Statement No. 40.

### **NOTE 4 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS**

Funding of the Authority's activities is provided through an agreement for reimbursement with Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Agency (LACMTA). While the contract with LACMTA provides for reimbursement of operating costs related to the Authority, the contract includes a not to exceed amount of \$500,000. The original contract expired on June 30, 2011. The contract was subsequently extended through June 30, 2014. As of June 30, 2014, the Authority has accrued \$175,340, representing the remaining amount on this contract. The Authority received \$108,955 of this amount before March 31, 2015. Authority management expects to collect the remaining amount after March 31, 2015, and thus, this amount is reported as unavailable in the governmental fund financial statements.

### **NOTE 5 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

The Authority uses other County of San Bernardino departments for other services, such as Authority administration. Expenditures paid to the County of San Bernardino for these services during the year were \$78,930.



**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

**HIGH DESERT CORRIDOR JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY**

**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -  
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (GAAP BASIS)  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014  
GENERAL FUND**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Intergovernmental	\$ 51,000	\$ 51,000	\$ 108,955	\$ 57,955
Investment earnings	4,000	4,000	1,184	(2,816)
Total Revenues	<u>55,000</u>	<u>55,000</u>	<u>110,139</u>	<u>55,139</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
Current:				
Services and supplies	196,500	196,500	60,474	136,026
Other charges	40,000	40,000	79,964	(39,964)
Total Expenditures	<u>236,500</u>	<u>236,500</u>	<u>140,438</u>	<u>96,062</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(181,500)</u>	<u>(181,500)</u>	<u>(30,299)</u>	<u>151,201</u>
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS)</b>	<u>\$ (181,500)</u>	<u>\$ (181,500)</u>	<u>\$ (30,299)</u>	<u>\$ 151,201</u>

See accompanying note to the required supplementary information.

**HIGH DESERT CORRIDOR JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY**

**NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

**NOTE 1 – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –  
BUDGET AND ACTUAL**

**Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and are used as a management control device for the General Fund. The Authority adopts and controls its budget by major object code. Expenditures may exceed an object code budget as long as overall expenditures are within the adopted budget's total appropriation. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The Management of the Authority prepares and submits a proposed budget to the Board of Directors for review. After reviewing the proposed budget and making such revisions as it may deem advisable, a final budget is prepared and adopted. Revisions to the adopted budget must be presented to the Board of Directors by management of the Authority and approved by resolution.

Other charges reflect the estimated reimbursement to the County of San Bernardino for a Staff Coordinator position. The 2014 adopted budget included \$40,000 for this expense for services which were contracted through December 2013; however the position was extended through the remainder of the fiscal year, resulting in charges of \$39,964 beyond what was originally anticipated.

## **OTHER REPORTS**



**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER  
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED  
ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE  
WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Board of Directors  
High Desert Corridor Joint Powers Authority  
San Bernardino, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and General Fund of the High Desert Corridor Joint Powers Authority (the Authority), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2015. Our report includes an emphasis of a matter for the Authority's adoption of new accounting guidance GASB Statement No. 65 – *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*.

**Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, as item 2014-001, that we consider to be a material weakness.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **The Authority's Response to Finding**

The Authority's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Authority's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Vavrinik, Trine, Day & Co. LLP*

Rancho Cucamonga, California  
March 31, 2015

**HIGH DESERT CORRIDOR JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS, CONTINUED  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

**Finding 2014-001**

**APPLICATION OF GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP)**

**Criteria:**

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 33, paragraph 21 requires that governments should recognize receivables (or a decrease in liabilities) and revenues (net of estimated uncollectible amounts), when all applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met.

**Condition:**

The Authority's year end closing procedures did not detect or identify revenue received within the Authority's period of availability as of June 30, 2014, in the amount of \$108,955. This resulted in an understatement of revenues and deferred inflows of resources

**Context:**

The condition noted above was identified during testing of the Authority's subsequent cash receipts and accounts receivable.

**Effect:**

The Authority corrected the financial statements by properly recognizing the identified FY13-14 revenues to the appropriate fiscal year. However, had the Authority not posted the audit adjustment the general fund revenues and deferred inflows of resources would have been materially misstated.

**Cause:**

The Authority's year end closing procedures did not identify the appropriate year end accruals.

**Recommendation:**

As noted above, the Authority updated the financial statements to properly account for the current year revenues in the fund. We recommend that the Authority follow its policies and procedures through the date of issuance to ensure the Authority reports all revenues in the proper period.

**View of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Actions:**

The transaction in question was due to a receivable which was earned in 2011-12. Due to delays in processing, the timing of the actual receipt of the receivable was unknown and remained unknown until receipt of the revenue in August 2014. Management acknowledges that the receivable should have been applied to the 2013-14 fiscal year, and will more closely review the eligibility of subsequent period transactions to ensure material transactions are evaluated and applied to the appropriate reporting period.